CLAIM_AMENDMENTS

1. (Currently amended) A method for producing a population of genetically altered human embryonic stem (hES) cells, comprising:

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- a) obtaining a culture-comprising hES cells proliferating in a culture environment population of hES cells essentially free of feeder cells but comprising and maintained on an extracellular matrix; and
- b) transfecting the cells with a polynucleotide while being cultured in the culture environment, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a protein encoding region operably linked to a promoter that promotes transcription of the encoding region while the cells are undifferentiated,

thereby producing genetically altered hES cells that express the protein while undifferentiated.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising preferentially selecting cells that have been genetically altered with the polynucleotide.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the human embryonic stem cells are cultured maintained in an environment comprising extracellular matrix components and a conditioned medium produced by collecting medium from a culture of feeder cells.

4 & 5. CANCELLED

- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide is selected from an adenoviral vector, a retroviral vector, and a DNA plasmid complexed with positively charged lipid.
- 7. CANCELLED

- 8. (Previously presented) A cell population comprising undifferentiated human embryonic stem (hES) cells expressing a protein from a heterologous polynucleotide in which an encoding region for the expressed protein is operably linked to a promoter that promotes transcription of the encoding region while the hES cells are undifferentiated.
- 9. (Currently amended) A cell population comprising undifferentiated human embryonic stem (hES) hES cells stably transfected so as to express a protein from a heterologous polynucleotide in which an encoding region for the expressed protein is operably linked to a promoter that promotes transcription of the encoding region while the hES cells are undifferentiated.

10 to 12. CANCELLED

13. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 8, in which at least 90% of the undifferentiated hES cells have been genetically altered.

14. CANCELLED

- 15. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 9, in which at least 90% of the undifferentiated hES cells have been stably transfected.
- 16. (Previously presented) A method for producing genetically altered differentiated cells, comprising differentiating the cells of claim 9.
- 17. (Currently amended) A method for producing genetically altered differentiated cells, comprising:
 - a) obtaining a culture comprising human embryonic stem cells proliferating in a culture environment population of hES cells essentially free of feeder cells but comprising <u>and maintained on</u> an extracellular matrix; and
 - b) transfecting at least some of the cells in the composition with a polynucleotide, thereby producing genetically altered cells; and
 - c) causing the genetically altered cells to differentiate into a population of neural cells or hepatocytes.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, whereby the genetically altered cells are differentiated into neural cells.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, whereby the genetically altered cells are differentiated into hepatocytes.

- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, whereby the differentiated cell population is over 50% neural cells.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, whereby the differentiated cell population is over 50% hepatocytes.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a drug resistance gene.
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the selecting comprises culturing the cells in the presence of a drug to which genetically altered cells in the population are resistant.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said promoter is selected from the EF1a promoter and the PGK promoter.
- 25. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 8, wherein said promoter is selected from the EF1a promoter and the PGK promoter.
- 26. (*Previously presented*) The cell population of claim 9, wherein said promoter is selected from the EF1a promoter and the PGK promoter.
- 27. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 8, which consists of human cells.
- 28. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 9, which consists of human cells.
- 29. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 8, wherein the protein is a factor that supports growth of the hES cells.
- 30. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 29, wherein the protein is a fibroblast growth factor.
- 31. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 8, wherein the protein is a detectable label.
- 32 (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 31, wherein the label is a fluorescent label.
- 33. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 32, wherein the label is selected from luciferase and green fluorescent protein (GFP).

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- 34. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 31, wherein the label is a cell surface protein detectable by antibody staining.
- 35. (Previously presented) The cell population of claim 31, wherein the label is an enzyme.
- 36. *(Previously presented)* The cell population of claim 35, wherein the label is selected from alkaline phosphatase, β-galactosidase, and neophosphotransferase.